African Iris  
*Dietes vegeta*  
*by Edward F. Gilman*

This clumping, robust perennial has stiff leaves radiating up and out in a fan-shaped pattern. The flower spikes are topped with 3-inch white flowers marked with yellow and blue. Although short-lived (about 2 days), the flowers are produced sporadically throughout the year, especially in spring and early summer. Plants grow to 4 or 5 feet tall in standing water, making it ideal for water gardens and wet soil. They reach about 2 to 3 feet in soil. African Iris is also attractive when used as an accent planted in a shorter ground-cover.

**General Information**

Pronunciation: dye-EE-teez VEDGE-jet-tuh  
Common name(s): African Iris, Butterfly Iris  
Family: Iridaceae  
Plant type: herbaceous; ornamental grass  
USDA hardiness zones: 8B through 11 (Fig. 2)  
Planting month for zone 9: year round  
Origin: not native to North America  
Uses: border; mass planting; container or above-ground planter; naturalizing; water garden; accent; suitable for growing indoors  
Availability: generally available in many areas within its hardiness range

**Description**

Height: 2 to 6 feet  
Spread: 1 to 2 feet  
Plant habit: upright  
Plant density: moderate  
Growth rate: slow  
Texture: fine  
Leaf arrangement: most emerge from the soil, usually without a stem

**Foliage**

Leaf type: simple  
Leaf margin: entire  
Leaf shape: linear  
Leaf venation: parallel  
Leaf type and persistence: evergreen  
Leaf blade length: 18 to 36 inches  
Leaf color: green  
Fall color: no fall color change  
Fall characteristic: not showy
**Flower**
Flower color: white
Flower characteristic: flowers periodically throughout the year

**Fruit**
Fruit shape: elongated
Fruit length: .5 to 1 inch
Fruit cover: dry or hard
Fruit color: green
Fruit characteristic: persists on the plant

**Trunk and Branches**
Trunk/bark/branches: typically multi-trunked or clumping stems
Current year stem/twig color: not applicable
Current year stem/twig thickness: not applicable

**Culture**
Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun
Soil tolerances: extended flooding; slightly alkaline; clay; sand; acidic; loam
Drought tolerance: moderate
Soil salt tolerances: poor
Plant spacing: 24 to 36 inches

**Other**
Roots: not applicable
Winter interest: plant has winter interest due to unusual form, nice persistent fruits, showy winter trunk, or winter flowers
Outstanding plant: not particularly outstanding
Invasive potential: not known to be invasive
Pest resistance: long-term health usually not affected by pests

**Use and Management**
African Iris will bloom best on rich, moist soil but will tolerate moderately dry soil conditions, rowing in full sun to partial shade. Plants in the full sun or in sandy soil grow best with regular and frequent irrigation. Cold temperatures (below 25-degrees F.) cause leaf browning. These leaves can be removed in the spring to clean up the plant. Otherwise, African iris requires no maintenance except for a light fertilization or two each year. Frequent fertilization increases growth rate, foliage color and flower production. The cultivar ‘Johnsonii’ has larger leaves and flowers. Propagation is by seed or division of the matted clumps. Whole plants are lifted and the rhizomes divided every three years or when new plants are needed. Nematodes are the main pest problem. No other problems appear to affect this durable plant.

**Pests and Diseases**
No diseases are of major concern.